



National recommendations on how to ensure alternative care is provided with a focus on the rights of children and training of care professionals

Country: *Italy*

Make the training on child
rights-based approach a part of
the standard curriculum for
professionals working with
children and young people in
alternative care, also
developing postgraduate
training courses

This training should be an integral part of every standard university curriculum for social workers, social pedagogues, pedagogues, psychologists and other professions working with children and young people in alternative care. This two-day training curriculum would be a very cost- and time-effective way to prepare all young professionals on how to implement a child rights-based approach in their work from the very start of their professional career. Moreover, it is necessary to develop specialist and $1^{\rm st}-2^{\rm nd}$ level Master's degrees centred on the study and implementation of the rights of children in alternative care. The Ministry of Education and the Ministry of Labor and Social Policies should collaborate with all relevant universities in order to find the most appropriate way to implement the training in the curricula.

Improve the competences of all professionals working with children in alternative care for the implementation of children's rights in their work

Policy makers should find ways to implement the child rights training for all professionals working with children and young people in alternative care, with a special emphasis on organising joint trainings with all professionals (alternative care, courts, health system, police, civil society organisations, etc.). Such training would also encourage collaboration and networking. The primary actors for this action should be the Ministry of Education and the Ministry of Labor and Social Policies, which could, together with other relevant institutions (regional and local authorities, universities, national professional associations of social workers, psychologists, care givers, lawyers), develop an action plan on how to implement this training with professionals involved in the alternative care of children and young people.

Develop and implement a child protection policy in every alternative care setting

In order for the capacity building of care professionals to be successful and sustainable, policy makers should develop a child protection policy, which would serve to implement and monitor the fulfilment of child rights in every alternative care setting, and would also have reporting and responding protocols in place, as well as child friendly mechanisms for reporting a child rights violation.

Develop a set of minimum national and European standards in alternative care so as to enable children to be listened to and to participate in their care process

Policy makers should develop minimum standards for care providers (social services and policies) to ensure that the child participates in his or her individual plan.